



Purpose and background of E-CREDA

We aim to improve access to and the understanding of available CRE data to facilitate higher quality applied research and interaction between investors, data providers and academic

Our objectives

Knowledge transfer

E-CREDA facilitates data vendors and partners to develop their data products and services by allowing investors and managers' subscriptions to be shared with academic partners for specific applied research projects of practical use to investors and managers.

Exchange of insights

E-CREDA increases the practical relevance of academic collaboration by improving data access to a broader range of legacy and emerging data sources to answer specific practical problems facing investors and managers.

Diffusion of findings

E-CREDA promotes innovation in applied research by investors and managers by allowing them to mobilise all the available data and scientific approach to use them in addressing specific market and strategic issues.

Our members

Data vendors

Investors

Academics

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Our events, activities and publications

2025

Annual conference: Data-driven real estate & the future of investment decisions in an uncertain world



2023

- 40' research update: CRE lending and CM funding
- 40' research update: Air pollution and real estate

2022

- Annual conference: a new coolaborative path
- Research seminar: Real estate and multiverse

2021

- Annual conference
- Research seminar: Europe residential market analysis
- Research seminar: The new economic order for real estate
- Research seminar: European real estate debt

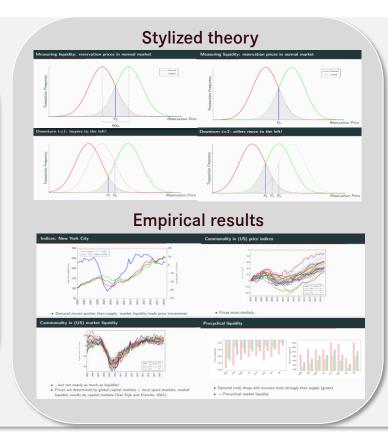
Inaugural conference

Annual conference 2024: Real estate investments in the era of AI, ESG, and climate change



40' research update 2024: Price expectations gap in CRE

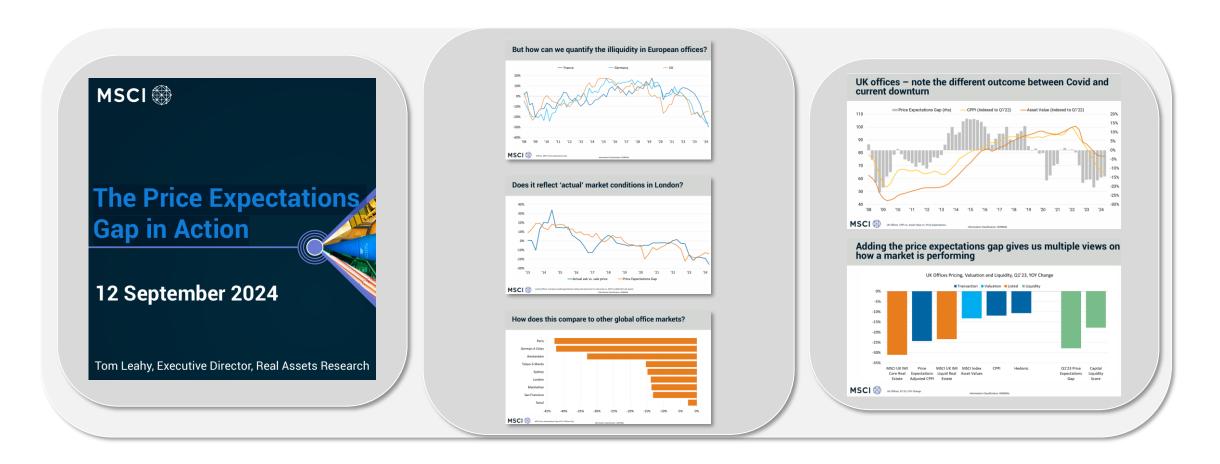
Quantifying the price expectations gap in CRE- illiquidity in European markets-Scientific background



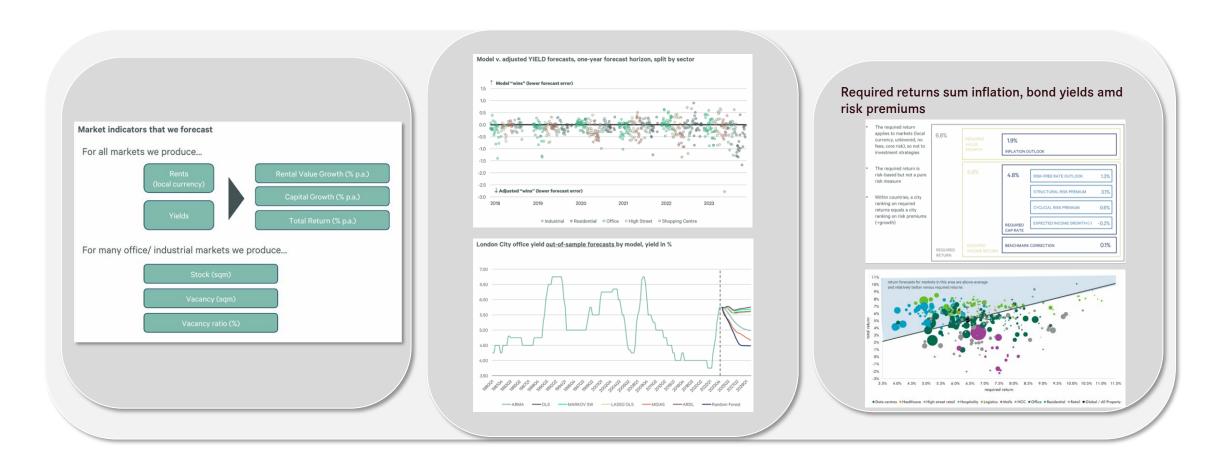
Conclusion

- We introduce a way to measure market liquidity in private commercial real estate markets
- Measure is applicable in a repeat sales framework and to local markets
- Three facts about market liquidity:
 - 1. Market liquidity is pro-cyclical (market indicator)
 - 2. Market liquidity moves quicker than prices(leading indicator)
 - 3. Market liquidity co-moves extremely strongly across markets(diversification)

40' research update 2024: Price expectations gap in CRE

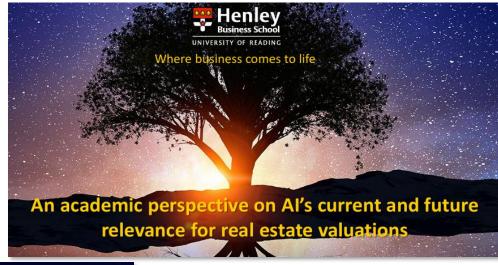


40' Research Update: Institutional insights to modern real estate forecasting and investments decisions



ERES conference: AI & technological advances in future RE valuations









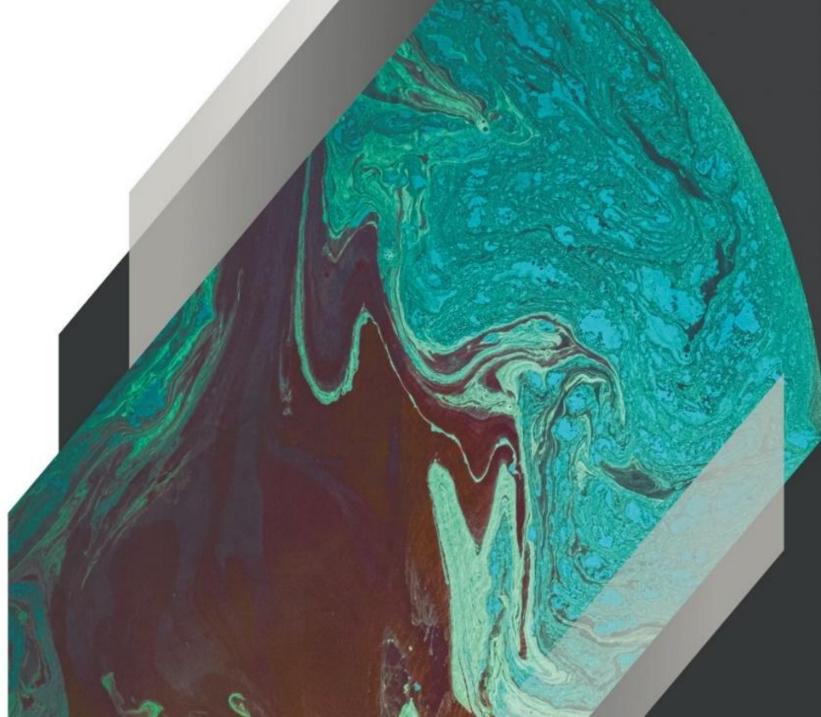


CapEx: Opening the Black Box

DWS Real Estate | Research & Strategy

Ruben Bos, CFA Head of Real Estate Investment Strategy, Europe

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What is CapEx?



The long-term CapEx burden of a property should not include added square footage but should include most other costs incurred to improve/restore a property's competitive position.

Recurring Maintenance

- Minor repairs
- Landscaping
- HVAC maintenance
- Decorating
- Minor Roof Repairs
- Common area upkeep



Part of operating expenses or reimbursed by tenant

Infrequently Recurring Maintenance CapEx:

- New lease / end of lease capex
- New landscaping
- New HVAC
- Fit-out
- Roof replacement
- Façade replacement



Typically paid by landlord

Redevelopment CapEx

- Added square footage
- Full renovations



Source: DWS, March 2025

CapEx Life Cycle



CapEx is the amount of money landlords invest to defend their buildings against such depreciation. Ultimately, land value is the long-term driver of value growth.



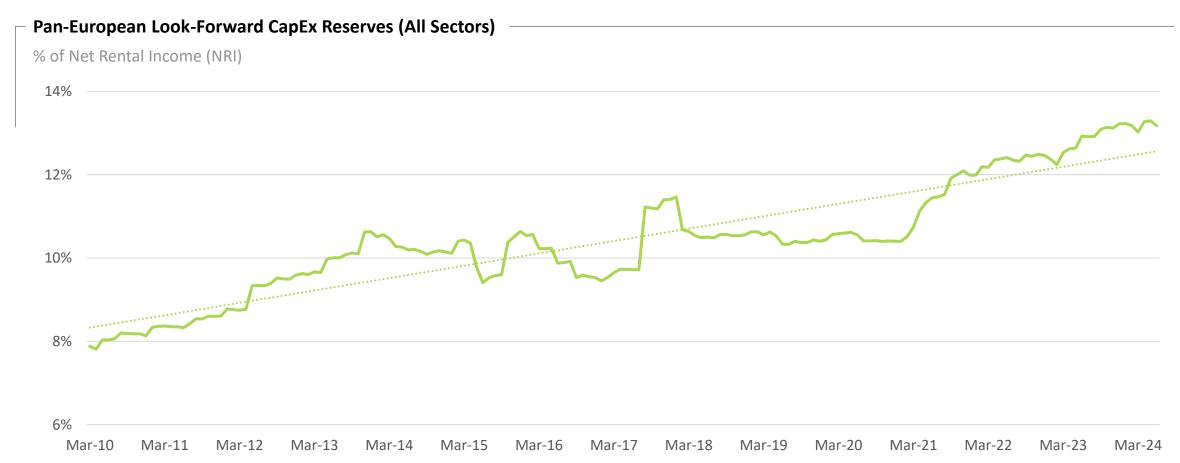
Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, views and hypothetical models or analyses, which might prove inaccurate or incorrect. Forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

Source: DWS, March 2025

CapEx Trending Higher



Environmental legislation and changing occupier requirements are pushing up CapEx requirements.



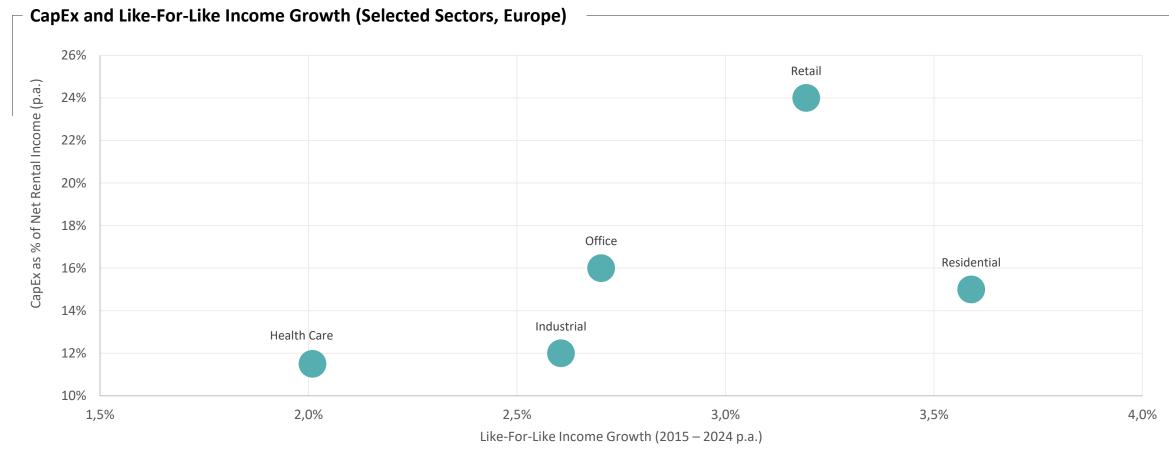
Note: Adjusted from CapEx as % of net rent to net rental income (NRI). Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, views and hypothetical models or analyses, which might prove inaccurate or incorrect. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

Source: Green Street, June 2024.

CapEx is Driving Income Growth...



Higher CapEx is typically driving up in-place rents, and thus income growth. However, income growth may deviate from market rent (ERV) growth.



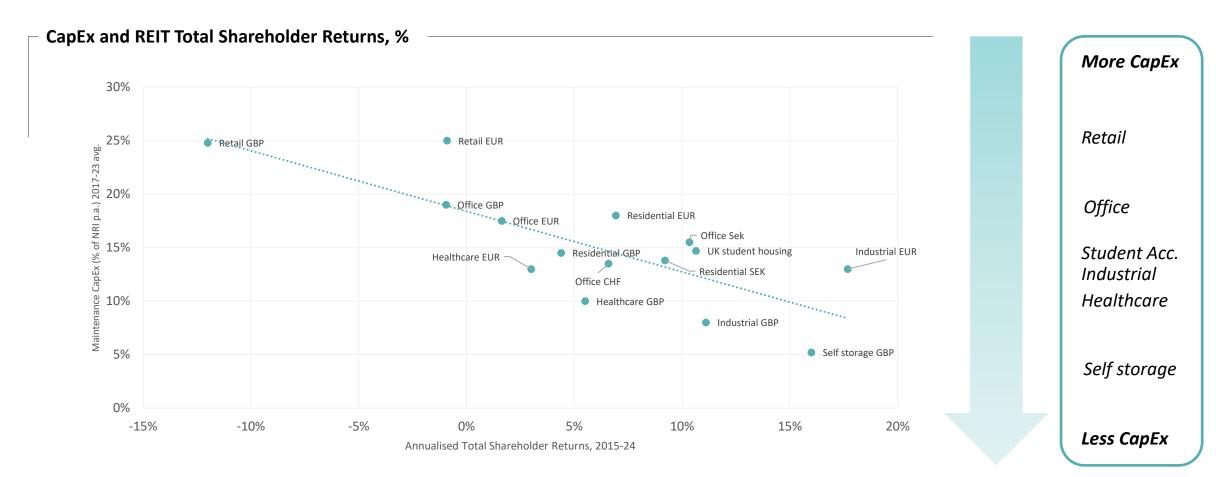
Note: Excluding self-storage, towers, net lease and lodging. Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, views and hypothetical models or analyses, which might prove inaccurate or incorrect. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

Source: DWS, Green Street, August 2024

... But Not Total Shareholder Returns



European REIT Returns tend to be higher in sectors which require less CapEx, suggesting the market is failing to price in CapEx efficiently



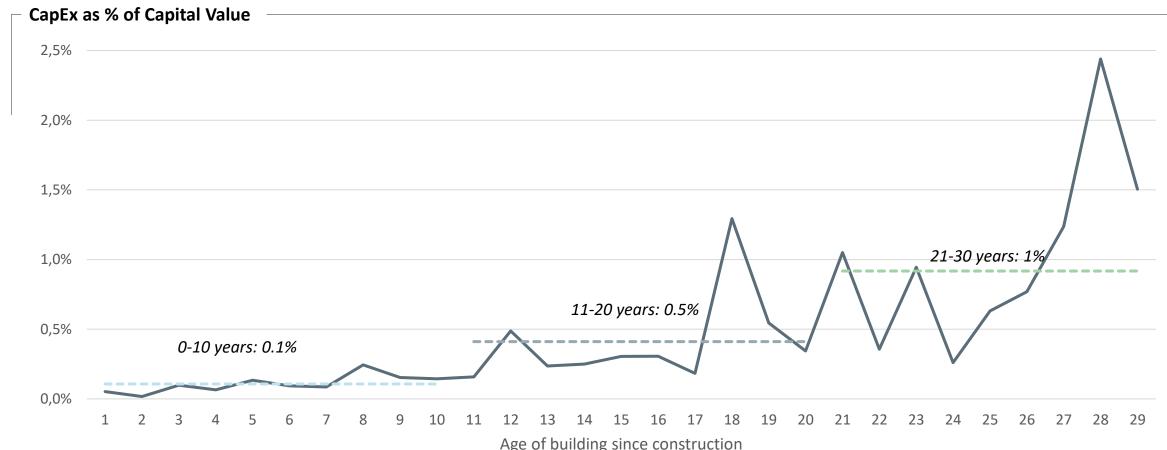
Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Source: Green Street, September 2024



Results from DWS data



CapEx is lumpy and tends to rise as the building ages, particularly after the first 10-12 years post-construction



Age of building since construction

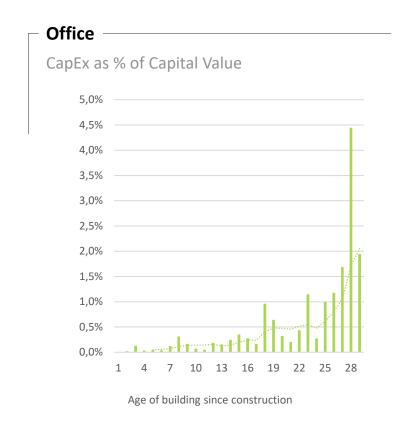
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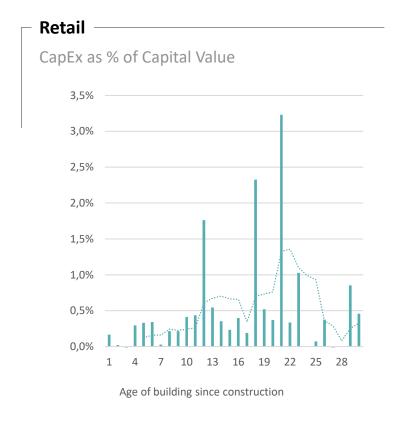
Source: DWS, July 2024

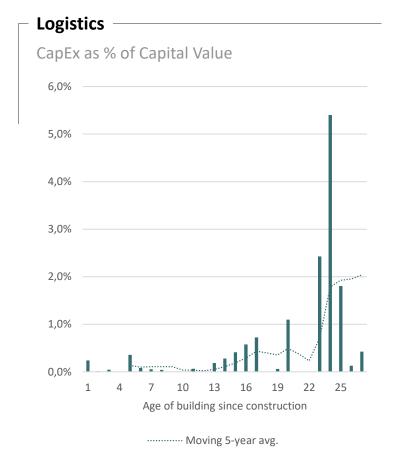
Results from DWS data



CapEx requirements vary by sector: Offices and logistics see more of a jump in CapEx after 20 years while retail requires more CapEx upfront.







..... Moving 5-year avg.

..... Moving 5-year avg.

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Case Studies



Via San Prospero, Milan, Italy

One major CapEx project in 2012-14

• CapEx as % of GAV: 1.0%-1.4%

• CapEx as % of NRI: 16%-24%

• **25%** uplift in rents post-CapEx

Park House, London, UK

Two rounds of CapEx (2018 and 2020)

CapEx as % of GAV: 0.4%-0.7%

• CapExas % of NRI: 7%-11%

• **25%** uplift in rents in 2018, **19%** in 2020

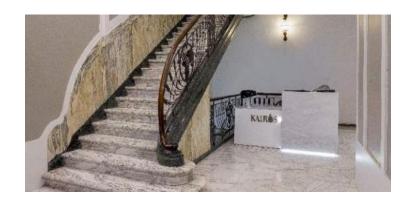
Nosso Shopping Centre, Vila Real, Portugal

• CapEx project in 2016/17

• CapEx as % of GAV: 1.2%-1.7%

CapEx as % of NRI: 12%-17%

• **5%** uplift in rents post-CapEx





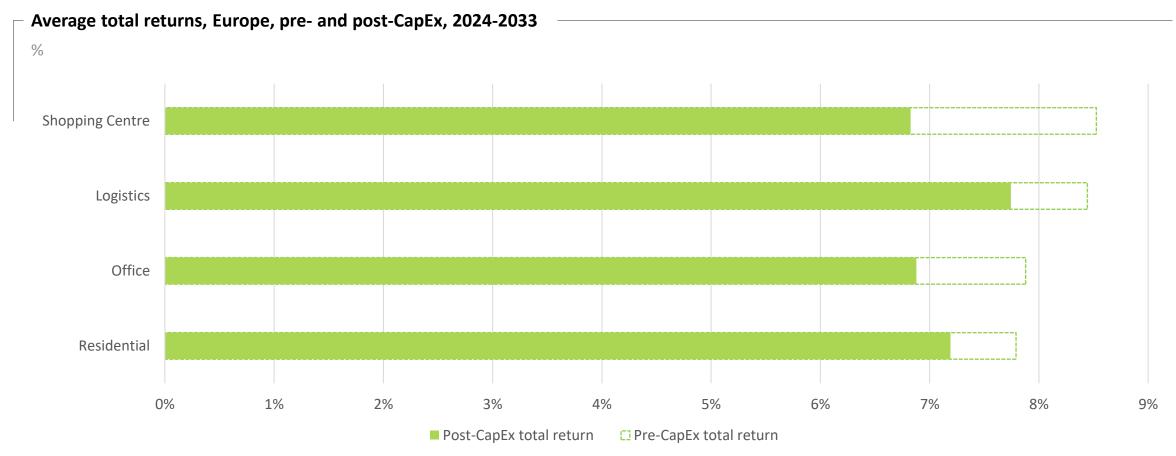


Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Source: DWS, July 2024

Forecast Implications



After CapEx, returns for some sectors are significantly worse. Failing to take CapEx into account could result in misallocation of capital.



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Source: DWS, June 2024

Headlines



CapEx tends to be very low in the first 9-10 years of a building's life. However, after this point, we can expect to spend more on CapEx and this should be factored into exit underwriting.

Analysis

CapEx is necessary to offset depreciation and drive income growth

Recent trends suggest it is increasing

So far, it is not well understood. Few bottom-up studies exist to quantify likely CapEx at an asset level, yet CapEx is important in determining long-term total returns

Underwriting and business plans

Our analysis points towards a jump in CapEx after the first dozen years

Retail and offices have highest CapEx

CapEx tends to increase steadily for retail assets, and offices and logistics often experience a step change at key intervals in the asset's lifespan

Research and Strategy

Capital allocation recommendations should be on a post-CapEx basis

Important information



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